

Course Title:	Geometry B	
Common Core High School Geometry Standards		
Unit 8	Right Triangle Trigonometry	
Unit Objectives:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Define trigonometric ratios • Name the three trigonometric functions and their side length ratios • Draw the two special right triangles and label their angles and sides • Explain how to solve for missing sides when given a special triangle • Solve problems involving right triangles, including special right triangles • Find missing angles using properties of the sine and cosine of complementary angles • Use trigonometric ratios and the Pythagorean Theorem to solve right triangles in applied problems 	
Standards	Assignment	Description
G.SRT.6, G.SRT.7, G.SRT.8	8.1 - 8.4 Checkpoint Quiz	Graded Quiz
	8.5 - 8.7 Checkpoint Quiz	Graded Quiz
	Unit 8 DBA	Synchronous Discussion Based Assessment
	Unit 8 Test	Graded Test
	Unit 8 Project	End of Unit Project
Unit 9	General Triangle Trigonometry	
Unit Objectives:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Derive the Laws of Sines and Cosines and use them to solve problems • Explain what information is needed to solve triangles using the Law of Sines • Explain what information is needed to solve triangles using the Law of Cosines • Apply the Laws of Sines and Law of Cosine to find unknown measurements in right and non-right triangles • Derive and apply the formula $A = \frac{1}{2}ab \sin(C)$ for area of a triangle • Explain the relationship between the Law of Cosines and the Pythagorean Theorem relative to a 90 degree angle 	
Standards	Assignment	Description
G.SRT.9, G.SRT.10, G.SRT.11	9.1 - 9.2 Checkpoint Quiz	Graded Quiz
	9.3 - 9.5 Checkpoint Quiz	Graded Quiz
	Unit 9 DBA	Asynchronous Discussion Based Assessment
	Unit 9 Test	Graded Test
	Unit 9 Project	End of Unit Project
Unit 10	Quadrilaterals	
Unit Objectives:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identify and classify quadrilaterals • List the properties of parallelograms • Prove geometric theorems about parallelograms including using triangle congruence • Solve for missing angles, side lengths, and bisector lengths in parallelograms 	

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use coordinates to solve for area and perimeter of polygons • Explain how slope relates to classifying quadrilaterals • Determine if quadrilaterals are rectangles in the coordinate plane 	
Standards	Assignment	Description
G.CO.11, G.SRT.5, G.GPE.4, G.GPE.7	10.1 - 1.04 Checkpoint Quiz	Graded Quiz
	10.5 - 10.6 Checkpoint Quiz	Graded Quiz
	Unit 10 DBA	Asynchronous Discussion Based Assessment
	Unit 10 Test	Graded Test
	Unit 10 Project	End of Unit Project
Unit 11	Circles	
Unit Objectives:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Prove all circles are similar to one another • Identify and define parts of a circle • Find arc lengths and areas of sectors of circles • Calculate the measure of inscribed and circumscribed angles • Explain the difference between circumscribed angles and inscribed angles in relationship to a circle • Derive the equation of a circle • Explain the steps required to convert any equation of a circle into standard form by completing the square • Determine the center and radius of a circle and graph a circle • Prove a point lies on or off a circle • Describe real world objects in terms of the parts of circles 	
Standards	Assignment	Description
G.C.1, G.C.2, G.C.5, G.MG.1, G.GPE.1	11.1 - 11.3 Checkpoint Quiz	Graded Quiz
	11.4 - 11.5 Checkpoint Quiz	Graded Quiz
	Unit 11 DBA	Asynchronous Discussion Based Assessment
	Unit 11 Test	Graded Test
	Unit 11 Project	End of Unit Project
Unit 12	Circle Constructions	
Unit Objectives:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Solve for segment length of inscribed and circumscribed angles • Convert angle measure between degrees and radians • Construct inscribed and circumscribed circle of a triangle • Construct a square, an equilateral triangle and a regular hexagon in a circle • Construct a tangent line from a point outside the circle • Derive the formula for arc length and area of a sector • Solve modeling problems involving arc length and area of a sector • Explain what a radian is and how it relates to a degree • Define radians and determine how many degrees are in one radian 	
Standards	Assignment	Description
G.C.2, G.C.3, G.C.4, G.C.5, G.GPE.2, G.CO.13	12.1 - 12.2 Checkpoint Quiz	Graded Quiz
	12.3 Checkpoint Quiz	Graded Quiz
	12.4 Checkpoint Quiz	Graded Quiz

	12.4 - 12.5 Checkpoint Quiz	Graded Quiz
	Unit 12 DBA	Asynchronous Discussion Based Assessment
	Unit 12 Test	Graded Test
	Unit 12 Project	End of Unit Project
Unit 13	Volume	
Unit Objectives:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify volume formulas and use them to solve problems Identify cross-sections from three-dimensional objects and shapes from two-dimensional rotations Derive the equation of a parabola 	
Standards	Assignment	Description
G.GMD.3, G.GMD.4, G.GPE.2	13.1 -13.3 Checkpoint Quiz	Graded Quiz
	13.4 - 13.5 Checkpoint Quiz	Graded Quiz
	Unit 13 DBA	Asynchronous Discussion Based Assessment
	Unit 13 Test	Graded Test
	Unit 13 Project	End of Unit Project
Unit 14	Modeling in Two and Three Dimensions	
Unit Objectives:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify and apply area and volume formulas Explain the steps for solving modeling problems Solve problems by applying Cavalieri's Principle Explain Cavalieri's Principle Identify three-dimensional solids that can be used to model real world objects Solve modeling problems involving the volume of cylinders Solve modeling problems by applying concepts of density based on volume Solve problems using dissection arguments 	
Standards	Assignment	Description
G.MG.1, G.MG.2, G.GMD.1	Checkpoint Quiz	Graded Quiz
	Checkpoint Quiz	Graded Quiz
	Unit 14 DBA	Synchronous Discussion Based Assessment
	Unit 14 Test	Graded Test
	Unit 14 Project	Unit Project